## **VILLAGE OF CORNING**

PWS #6400003 Perry County, Ohio

In June 2016, House Bill (HB) 512 was passed to enact section 6109.121 of the Ohio Revised Code to create requirements governing lead and copper testing for community and non-transient non-community public water systems and to revise law governing lead contamination from plumbing and fixtures. The new law also requires community water systems to identify and map areas of their distribution systems that are known or likely to contain lead service lines. The community water systems must also identify and provide a description of the characteristics of buildings served by the system that may contain lead solder, fixtures or pipes.

In accordance with HB 512, the Village of Corning, PWS #640003, worked with their engineering consultant to produce an overall water system map. The map includes approximate location of the distribution system with color coded lines that indicate type of main line material, approximate year of installation and other system features. The map also includes lead and copper sample site locations. Due to the short timeframe between final EPA guidance being issued and the deadline for submission of the map, the service line materials are unknown in many areas. Currently, the village believes all service lines installed as part of projects from 1994 to current have been polyethylene (PE) piping on the public side. For projects prior to 1994, the exact materials of service lines on the public side are currently unknown. The service line material on the private side are unknown throughout the village. The village is currently seeking customer input through a questionnaire to help identify service line materials, particularly on the private side of the service. In addition, village personnel will begin to collect additional service line information during repairs, replacements, service requests, etc. As information is gathered, the map will be updated accordingly.

EPA guidance provides the following: Based on amendments to the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) and Ohio Plumbing Code, the age of a building or the age of a re-plumbing are indicators of the plumbing materials. Buildings in Ohio built prior to 1998 or that use plumbing material or solder manufactured before 1998 may have materials with greater than 8% lead and are at a higher risk of contributing lead to the drinking water than materials manufactured after 1998. In addition, buildings built and plumbing materials manufactured after 2014 were required to have less than 0.25% lead by weight and have the lowest risk for contributing lead to drinking water. It should be noted however that, although prohibited, some use of leaded solder or leaded components may have occurred after the prohibitions became effective.

With that guidance in mind, it is likely that plumbing materials, especially on the private (customer) side, contain components that exceed the 8% lead and are at a higher risk. The Village of Corning was platted in 1878 with known buildings constructed in the 1880s. Again, the village is working to compile the specific information from their customers to better determine those that may be in that category.

