

To: Mark Boden, Ohio EPA Central District

CC: Keith Brown Assistant General Manager, Ceva Logistics

Ohio Department of Health
Attn: Lead Program, 6th Floor
246 North High St.
Columbus, OH 43215

Ohio Department of Job and Family Services
Office of Family Assistance-Bureau of Child Care Licensing and Monitoring
P.O. Box 183204
Columbus, OH 43218-3204

Regarding Lead/Copper Map and Narrative:

Ceva Logistics, located 26230 Stokes Rd. East Liberty, OH 43319 · (937) 578-1160, was built in 1999 and has probability of 8% lead solder or less. The service line from the well is plastic. The building is mostly copper with some plastic in the water treatment room. This system has iron/manganese removal (using sodium permanganate for oxidizer) and softening. Below are additional links for well and property information. Attached in email are distribution map with water lines and SMP ID points.

ODNR Well Log Link

<https://apps.ohiodnr.gov/water/maptechs/wellogs/appNew/report.aspx?s=c&wln=888332>

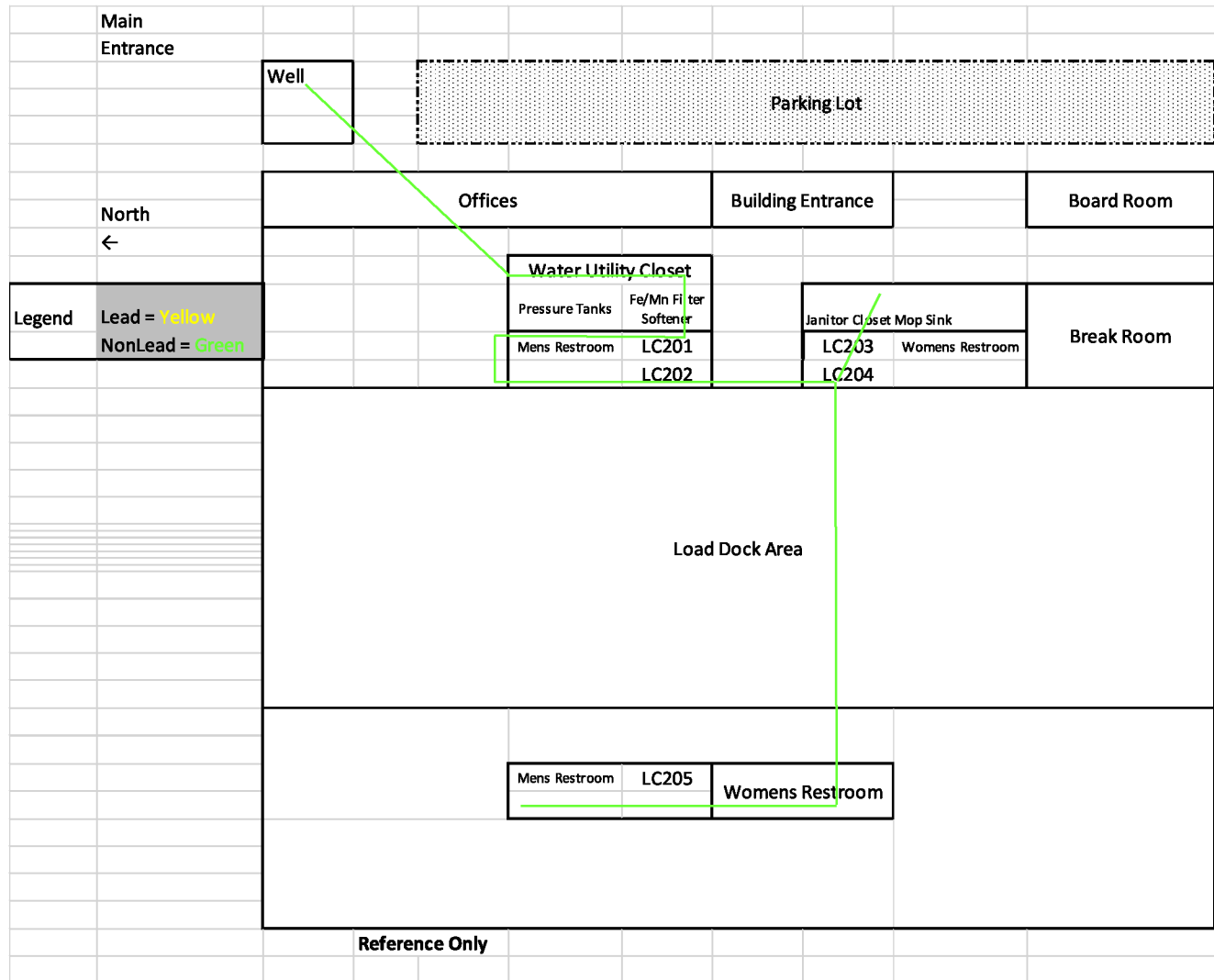
Logan County Auditor Link

http://realestate.co.logan.oh.us/Parcel/Default/Summary?Property_ID=33924&TaxYear=2016

Sincerely,

Brad Hudson
Operator-in-Responsible Charge for Ceva Logistics
Hudson Environmental Services
313 Washington St.
West Liberty Ohio 43357

OEPA Certifications
WS3-1105176-11
WW2-1105176-12



Ceva Logistics US Inc PWS ID OH8038612
 26230 Stokes Rd, East Liberty · (937) 578-1160
 Built 1999 Addition Built 2008

SMP ID*	Tier Site*	Tap Location*
LC201	Tier 2	Office Mens RR Sink 1
LC202	Tier 2	Office Mens RR Sink 2
LC203	Tier 2	Office Ladies RR Sink 2
LC204	Tier 2	Office Ladies RR Sink 1
LC205	Tier 2	Back Warehouse mens sink

Because it is practically impossible to determine the lead content of an installed fixture, fitting or pipe, it should be assumed that the manufacture or installation date is the primary indicator of the lead content. Therefore, the characteristics of buildings and piping solder or fixtures would be buildings built prior to 1998 or that use plumbing material or solder manufactured before 1998 may have materials with greater than 8% lead and are at a higher risk of contributing lead to the drinking water than materials manufactured after 1998. In addition, buildings built and plumbing materials manufactured after 2014 were required to have less than 0.25% lead by weight and have the lowest risk for contributing lead to the drinking water. It should be noted however that, although prohibited, some use of leaded solder or leaded components may have occurred after the prohibitions became effective.